



1
00:00:17,430 --> 00:00:14,950
at 2 50 universal time on july 23 2012

2
00:00:21,670 --> 00:00:17,440
the sun unleashed an incredibly powerful

3
00:00:24,390 --> 00:00:21,680
coronal mass ejection or cme

4
00:00:26,550 --> 00:00:24,400
a cme is a huge cloud of plasma that

5
00:00:28,950 --> 00:00:26,560
bursts out of the sun's atmosphere and

6
00:00:31,349 --> 00:00:28,960
is held together with magnetic fields

7
00:00:33,910 --> 00:00:31,359
an average cme travels at about 1

8
00:00:36,389 --> 00:00:33,920
million miles per hour and weighs around

9
00:00:38,869 --> 00:00:36,399
2 trillion tons

10
00:00:42,470 --> 00:00:38,879
on this particular monday however the

11
00:00:44,150 --> 00:00:42,480
sun unleashed a perfect storm of plasma

12
00:00:46,549 --> 00:00:44,160
thanks to nasa's far-ranging

13
00:00:49,510 --> 00:00:46,559

heliophysics fleet we have an excellent

14

00:00:51,750 --> 00:00:49,520

picture of the event

15

00:00:54,150 --> 00:00:51,760

the incredibly high resolution view of

16

00:00:57,110 --> 00:00:54,160

the sun provided by nasa's solar

17

00:00:59,189 --> 00:00:57,120

dynamics observatory or sdo revealed the

18

00:01:00,869 --> 00:00:59,199

beginning of the eruption in several

19

00:01:04,549 --> 00:01:00,879

different wavelengths of ultraviolet

20

00:01:09,670 --> 00:01:07,190

nasa's twin stereo spacecraft orbiting

21

00:01:11,510 --> 00:01:09,680

the sun ahead and behind earth

22

00:01:17,190 --> 00:01:11,520

gave a similar view from alternate

23

00:01:21,270 --> 00:01:19,190

the stereo satellites also carry

24

00:01:23,670 --> 00:01:21,280

coronagraphs which block the bright

25

00:01:27,350 --> 00:01:23,680

solar disk to make the fainter extended

26

00:01:30,149 --> 00:01:27,360

solar atmosphere or corona visible

27

00:01:33,350 --> 00:01:30,159

as a result they were able to image the

28

00:01:35,590 --> 00:01:33,360

actual cme as it left the sun

29

00:01:38,830 --> 00:01:35,600

the cme headed in the direction of the

30

00:01:43,590 --> 00:01:38,840

stereo a spacecraft at an astonishing

31

00:01:49,350 --> 00:01:46,630

as the cme arrived at stereo a

32

00:01:52,149 --> 00:01:49,360

the coronagraph and stereo's wider field

33

00:01:54,310 --> 00:01:52,159

heliospheric imagers were pummeled by

34

00:01:56,789 --> 00:01:54,320

high energy particles which appear like

35

00:01:59,350 --> 00:01:56,799

snow in the imagery

36

00:02:02,310 --> 00:01:59,360

the joint esa and nasa solar and

37

00:02:05,510 --> 00:02:02,320

heliospheric observatory or soho that

38

00:02:07,990 --> 00:02:05,520

has been observing the sun since 1995

39

00:02:10,150 --> 00:02:08,000

captured footage of the cme in both of

40

00:02:13,430 --> 00:02:10,160

its coronagraphs which overlap their

41

00:02:17,910 --> 00:02:15,910

all of these data allow computer models

42

00:02:20,390 --> 00:02:17,920

to reconstruct the full shape and

43

00:02:22,630 --> 00:02:20,400

expansion of the cme

44

00:02:25,110 --> 00:02:22,640

the main event is preceded by a few

45

00:02:26,949 --> 00:02:25,120

smaller cmes one of which was earth

46

00:02:29,430 --> 00:02:26,959

directed

47

00:02:33,270 --> 00:02:29,440

it is immediately clear how much larger

48

00:02:36,470 --> 00:02:33,280

and faster the july 23rd cme was as it

49

00:02:38,869 --> 00:02:36,480

blasted towards stereo a

50

00:02:41,350 --> 00:02:38,879

nasa's fleet of heliophysics spacecraft

51

00:02:43,190 --> 00:02:41,360

watching the sun from all sides improves